

Quiz One

Age 10-14

- 1) **When was Surah Fatah revealed?**
Dhul Qada, 6 Hijri
- 2) **For how many years did the Quraysh ban the Muslims from visiting the Kabah?**
6 years
- 3) **During the ban, were Muslims allowed to go for Hajj/Umrah?**
No
- 4) **What is Hudaibya?**
Hudaibya is a place close to Makkah.
- 5) **Why did the Prophet (SAW) decide to travel to Makkah?**
He saw a dream of offering Umrah.
- 6) **How many Sahabah accompanied him for the journey?**
1400 Sahabah
- 7) **What was the intention of the journey?**
Intention was to perform Umrah of Bait Allah
- 8) **Where did the Prophet & the Sahabah wear Ahram?**
Dhul Hulaiafah
- 9) **How do you categorize this journey? Dangerous or peaceful? and why?**
It was a dangerous Journey. Prophet (Saw) and the Muslims were in Ahram with the intention to perform Umrah and not to fight with Quraish. They were going to their enemy's region without having weapons with them.

- 10) **Name the sacred months.**
Rajab, Dhul Qaidah, Dhul Hajjah, Muharam
- 11) **What is meant by "sacred Months"?**
Fighting is forbidden during these months except in response to aggression.
- 12) **In the trip of Umrah what was the original route of Prophet (SAW) to Makkah?**
Madinah to Dhul Hulaifah to ASfan To Dhi Tuwa to Kara ul Ghamim to Makkah
- 13) **Why did the Prophet (SAW) change his route? Was it an easy route?**
Quraish sent Khalid bin Walid with 200 mushrikeen at Kara ul Ghamim to stop Muslims from entering Makkah to perform Umrah. When Prophet Muhammad (saw) got the news about this, he changed the route towards Hudaibiya to Makkah, and it was a difficult route.
- 14) **How far is Hudaibya from Madinah?**
250 Miles
- 15) **Who was the first person from Quraysh to meet Prophet (SAW) at Hudaibya and why?**
From Qurayish, Urwa bin Masood Thaqfi came to Prophet Muhammed (saw) to stop him from entering Makkah
- 16) **How did the Prophet (SAW) respond to Urwa?**

Prophet Muhammad (Saw) told Urwa in a gentle way about his intention of Umrah. Urwa also observed that all the Muslims are in Arham and got to know that Muslims were not going to Makkah to fight.

17) What was the Quraysh's attitude during the talks at Hudybiah? And how Prophet (saw) responded?

Qurayish tried to mess up the negotiations by attacking Muslims twice there, once 40-50 people came and stoned the Muslim caravan and another time about 80 people tried to attack the Muslims at the time of Fajar prayer, in both incidents Sahabah caught these attackers and presented them in front of Prophet (saw), and prophet (saw) released them.

18) Who was the Prophet's ambassador to Makkah? And what did he say?

Sayyadna Uthman (ra), He told the leaders of qurayesh that Muslims will perform Umrah and after sacrificing their animals, Muslims will return back to Madinah peacefully.

19) How leaders of Qurayesh responded to Hazrat Uthman (ra)?

They did not agree with Sayyadna Uthman (ra) and did not let him return to Prophet (saw).

20) What was the rumor spread about Sayyadna Usman and what was the reaction of the Muslims?

Rumor was that Hazrat Uthman was killed by Qurayesh, as he was sent as an ambassador. The killing of an ambassador means to declare war. Muslims would have been very passionate to fight back.

21) What was Bait-e-Rizwan (Pledge of Satisfaction)

Upon hearing the news of Sayyadna Uthman's death Prophet Muhammad (saw) gathered all 1400 Muslims of the caravan and urged them to pledge to fight back until death and avenge Uthman's death.

22) What was the importance of Bait-e-Rizwan?

The pledge was successful in demonstrating the Muslims' resolve to the Quraysh. They quickly released Hazrat Uthman and sent their own ambassador to negotiate.

23) What is pledge of tree and how it happened?

This is the other name of Bait –e Rizwan, This pledge took place beneath a tree, each Sahabah came before Prophet (Saw) and pledged, placing his hand on top of Prophet Muhammad (saw)'s hand.

24) What is the Quranic verse about Bait –e Rizwan?

“Allah was much pleased with the believers when they swore fealty to you under the tree. He knew what was in their hearts. So He bestowed inner peace upon them and rewarded them with a victory near at hand and with abundant spoils which they shall acquire. Allah is Most Mighty, Most Wise. (48:18-19)” Surah Al-Fath

25) Who was the leader of the Quraysh delegation?

Suhayl ibn Amr